

Section 13.2 example.

Find the parametric equations for the tangent line to the curve at the specified point. Specify the tangent and unit tangent vectors.

$$\vec{r}(t) = \langle \ln t, 2\sqrt{t}, t^2 \rangle; P(0, 2, 1)$$

solution

Our space curve takes on the point P when $t = 1$.

$$\vec{r}(t) = \langle \ln t, 2\sqrt{t}, t^2 \rangle; P(0, 2, 1)$$

$$\vec{r}'(t) = \left\langle \frac{1}{t}, \frac{1}{\sqrt{t}}, 2t \right\rangle \quad /* \text{ this is the tangent vector for all permissible } t.$$

$$\vec{r}'(1) = \langle 1, 1, 2 \rangle \quad /* \text{ this is the specific tangent vector for } t = 1.$$

$$x = 0 + 1t, y = 2 + 1t, z = 1 + 2t$$

$\therefore x = t, y = 2 + t, z = 1 + 2t$ /* these are the parametric eq. for the tangent line.

$$\bar{\mathbf{T}}(t) = \frac{\vec{r}'(t)}{|\vec{r}'(t)|} \quad /* \text{ this is the definition of a unit tangent vector.}$$

$$|\vec{r}'(t)| = \sqrt{\left(\frac{1}{t}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{t}}\right)^2 + (2t)^2} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{t^2} + \frac{1}{t} + 4t^2} \quad /* \text{ norm of all tangent vectors}$$

$$\therefore \bar{\mathbf{T}}(1) = \frac{\vec{r}'(1)}{|\vec{r}'(1)|} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{6}} \langle 1, 1, 2 \rangle = \left\langle \frac{1}{\sqrt{6}}, \frac{1}{\sqrt{6}}, \frac{2}{\sqrt{6}} \right\rangle \quad /* \text{ unit tangent vector}$$

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> restart:with(plots):with(plottools):
Warning, the name changecoords has been redefined
Warning, the assigned name arrow now has a global binding
> curv:=spacecurve([ln(t), 2*sqrt(t), t^2], t=0..3, thickness=2, color=black):
> positionvector:= arrow([0,0,0], [0,2,1], .2, .4, .1, color=red, thickness=3):
tanline:=spacecurve([t, 2+t, 1+2*t], t=-2..2, color=blue, thickness=1):
unittan:=arrow([0,2,1], [1/sqrt(6), 2+1/sqrt(6), 1+2/sqrt(6)], .2, .4, .4,
color=green, thickness=3):
>
display(curv, positionvector, unittan, tanline, axes=normal, orientation=[117, 59]);
```

